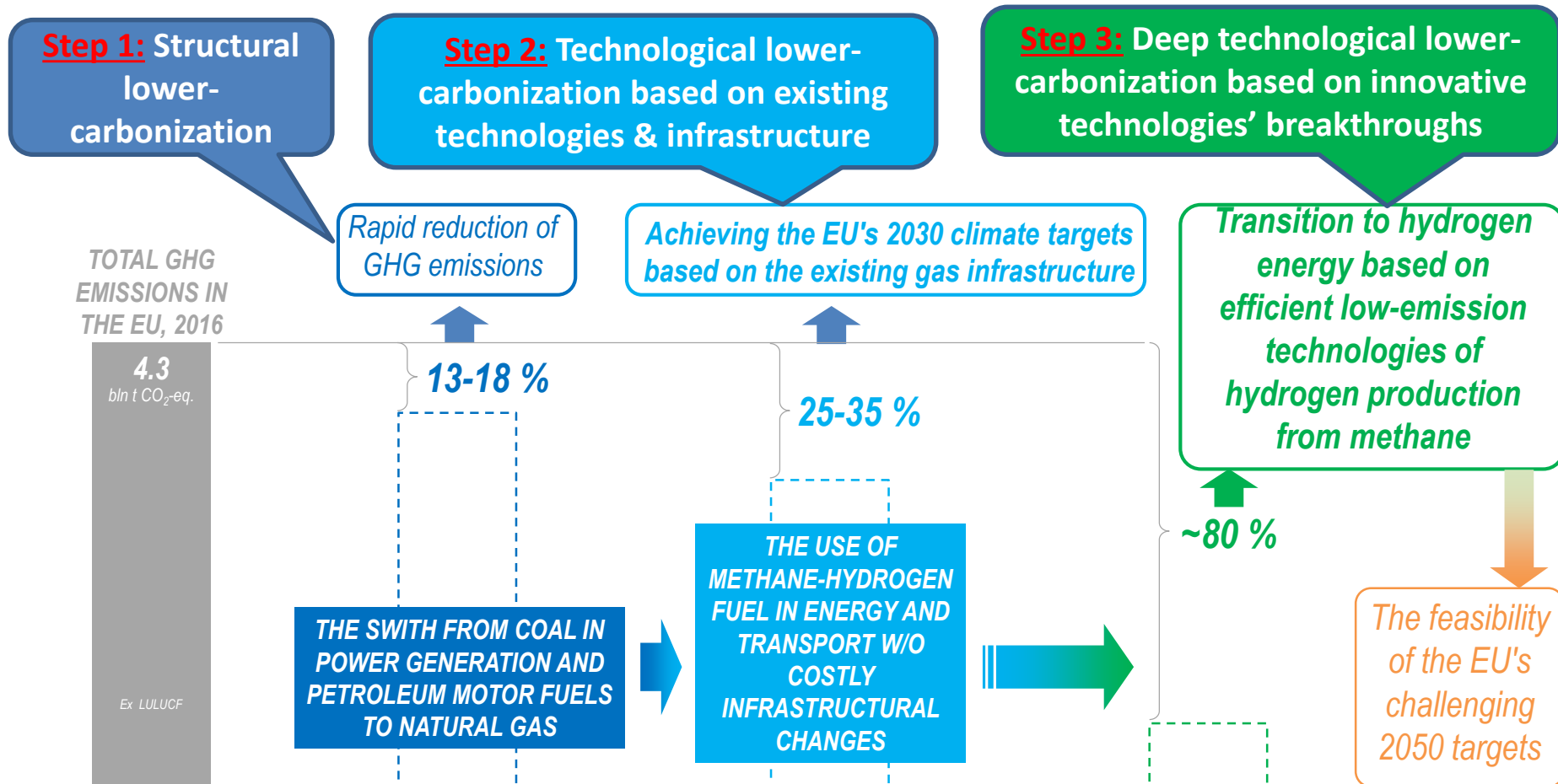


Discussion on potential joint research on key decarbonization issues of mutual interest

**Leaded by Co-chairs Work Stream 2 “Internal Markets”,
Russia-EU Gas Advisory Council**

**29th meeting of the EU-Russia Gas Advisory Council’s
Work Stream on Internal Market Issues (GAC WS2),
Berlin, Germany, 21 October 2019**

HOW to decarbonize: Gazprom's three-steps cooperative vision ("Aksyutin's pathway")



The expert assessment is made on the basis of data on:

- Carbon intensity from different fuels (U.S. Energy Information Administration estimates);
- Carbon footprint of various motor fuels (European Natural gas Vehicle Association report, 2014-2015);
- EU GHG emissions (1990 – 2016 National report on the inventory of anthropogenic emissions by sources and GHG removals by sinks not controlled by the Montreal Protocol, IEA)

Source: O.Aksyutin. Future role of gas in the EU: Gazprom's vision of low-carbon energy future. // 26th meeting of GAC WS2, Saint-Petersburg, 10.07.2018 (www.fief.ru/GAC); PJSC Gazprom's feedback on Strategy for long-term EU greenhouse gas emissions reduction to 2050 // https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/better-regulation/initiatives/ares-2018-3742094/feedback/F13767_en?p_id=265612

How to cooperate & implement three-steps “Aksyutin’s pathway”?

Cumulative effect of step' 1 measures

Cumulative effect of step's 1+2 measures

Cumulative effect of step's 1+2+3 measures

**Step 1
cooperative
measures**

**Step 2
cooperative
measures**

**Step 3
cooperative
measures**

Substitution:

- (1) Coal by gas in heat & electricity production,
- (2) Petroleum products by gas in transport by:
 - Compressed gas,
 - LNG

Methane-hydrogen mix (MHM) as fuel gas for compressor stations (CS) at pipelines, both in RF & EU, based on H2 production technologies at CS on-site without CO2 emission

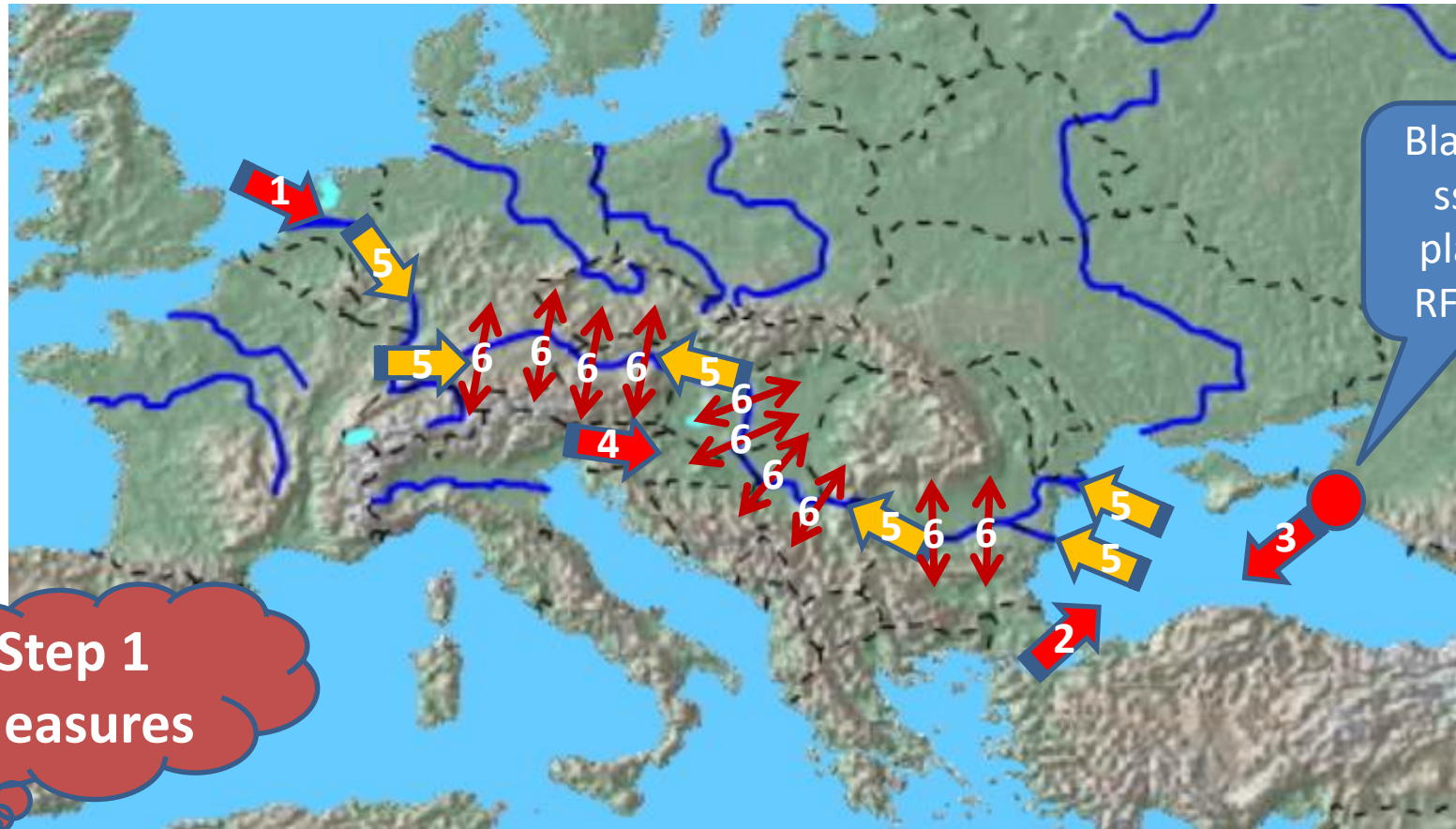
H2 production without CO2 emission (based on Russian, EU &/or on jointly developed under RF-EU cooperation technologies) as its cost-competitive advantage compared to PTG/electrolysis (too much energy intensive & thus too costly) and/or Steam Reforming with obligatory CCS (CCS as incremental immanent cost component up to 30+%)

Small-scale LNG for Black Sea & Danube region

Potential incremental export of Rus gas for H2 production & of H2 production technologies (either of Rus origin or jointly developed by RF & EU)

Step 1 cooperative measures

Prospects of creation of Black Sea-Danube/CSEE ssLNG market



1-4 = ssLNG supplies to SEE (1 = from NS area by barges; 2 = through Turkish Straits (limited); 3 = from Black Sea RF plant by sea-river vessels; 4 = by trucks via N.Italy); 5 = supplies within Rheine-Danube waterway by barges/see-river vessels; 6 = ssLNG fueling stations

Black sea plant

Location	Black sea coast of Russia
Capacity	0.5 – 1.5 mtpa
Status	Prefeasibility study
Delivery countries	Countries of South-Eastern Europe, countries of Danube river region, Turkey.

- potential bunkering areas



Source: K.Neuymin (Gazprom). Development of Small and Medium-Scale LNG Infrastructure in Russia. Presentation at 9th SPB International Gas Forum, 1-4.10.2019

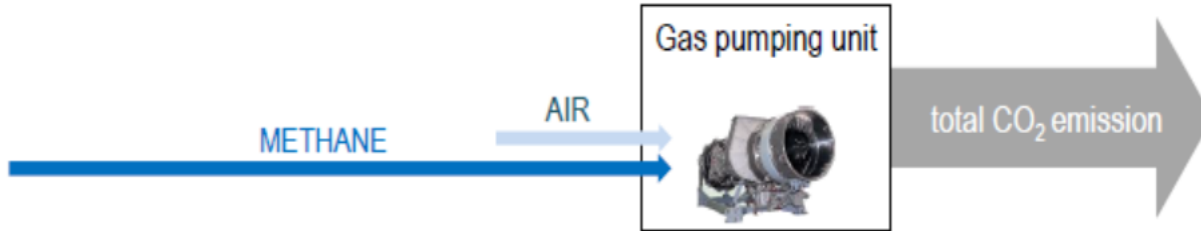
Draft proposals for joint RF-EU research (1)

- Prospective topic:
 - Assessment of aggregated demand for ssLNG within Black Sea-Danube area (bunkering (sea/river vessels), trucks (intra- & inter-city transport), off-grid households) and prospective sources of its competitive supply
- Prospective participants:
 - EU side:
 - Academic/research level: IENE (research center for SEE energy), ...
 - Intergovernmental level:
 - Energy Community Secretariat (know-how & information hub for SEE),
 - Organisation for Black Sea Economic Cooperation (regional development organisation)
 - EU institutional support
 - Business level: OMV, ...
 - RF side:
 - Gazprom & its affiliations/institutes:
 - ...

Step 2 cooperative measures

CONVENTIONAL TECHNOLOGY

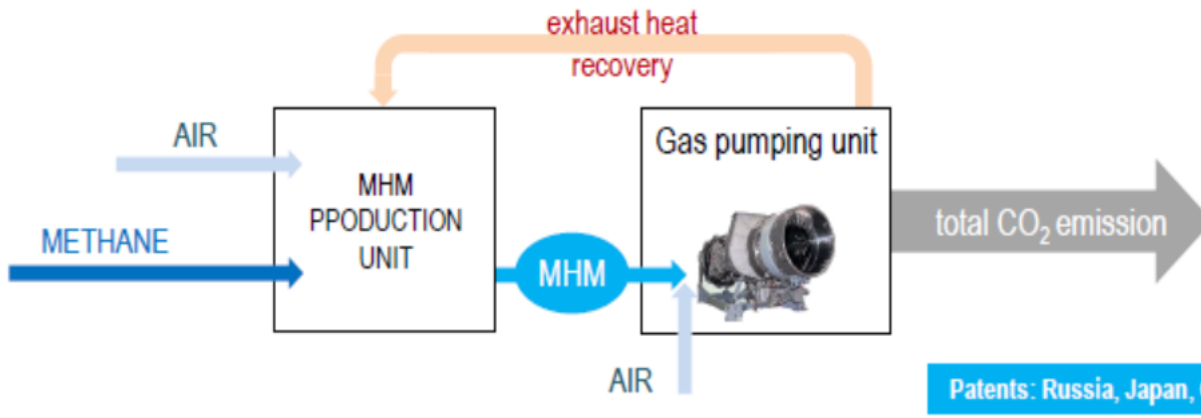
Methane as fuel gas in gas pumping units



NEW TECHNOLOGY

ADIABATIC METHANE CONVERSION (AMC)

Methane-hydrogen mix (MHM) as fuel gas in gas pumping units



Patents: Russia, Japan, China, South Korea

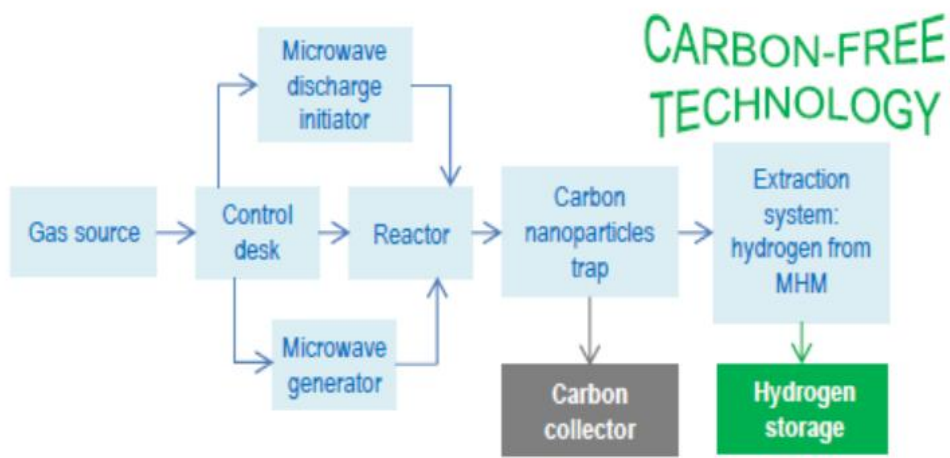
Draft proposals for joint RF-EU research (2)

- Prospective topic:
 - Assessment of prospects & potential effects of implementation of adiabatic methane conversion (AMC) technology at the compressor stations within Russia & EU gas grids (200+ CS in Russia & ... CS in the EU) – and beyond
 - Pioneering exercise (in favour of recent Baumgarten's 60th Anniversary – the key gas delivery point within USSR/Russia-EU cross-border gas supply chain): Prospective effect of implementing AMC technology within cross-border gas supply chain from Nadym-Pur-Taz through Baumgarten to Waidhaus
- Prospective participants:
 - EU side: Gas TSOs, ENTSOG, ...
 - RF side: Gazprom, ...

Step 3 cooperative measures

Step 3 Measures

The impact of low-temperature non-equilibrium microwave-induced plasma on hydrocarbon gas molecules



The hydrocarbon gas conversion takes place in a closed plasma-chemical flow reactor in the absence of oxygen and at ambient pressure

PROTOTYPE PLANT CARBON MATERIAL



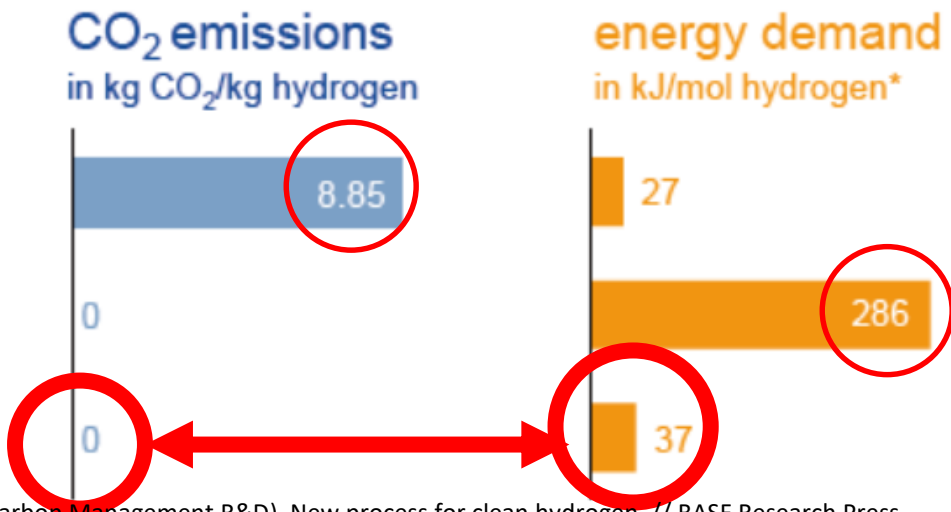
CAPACITY OF:

- hydrogen – up to 1 m³/h;
- carbon material – up to 80 g/h

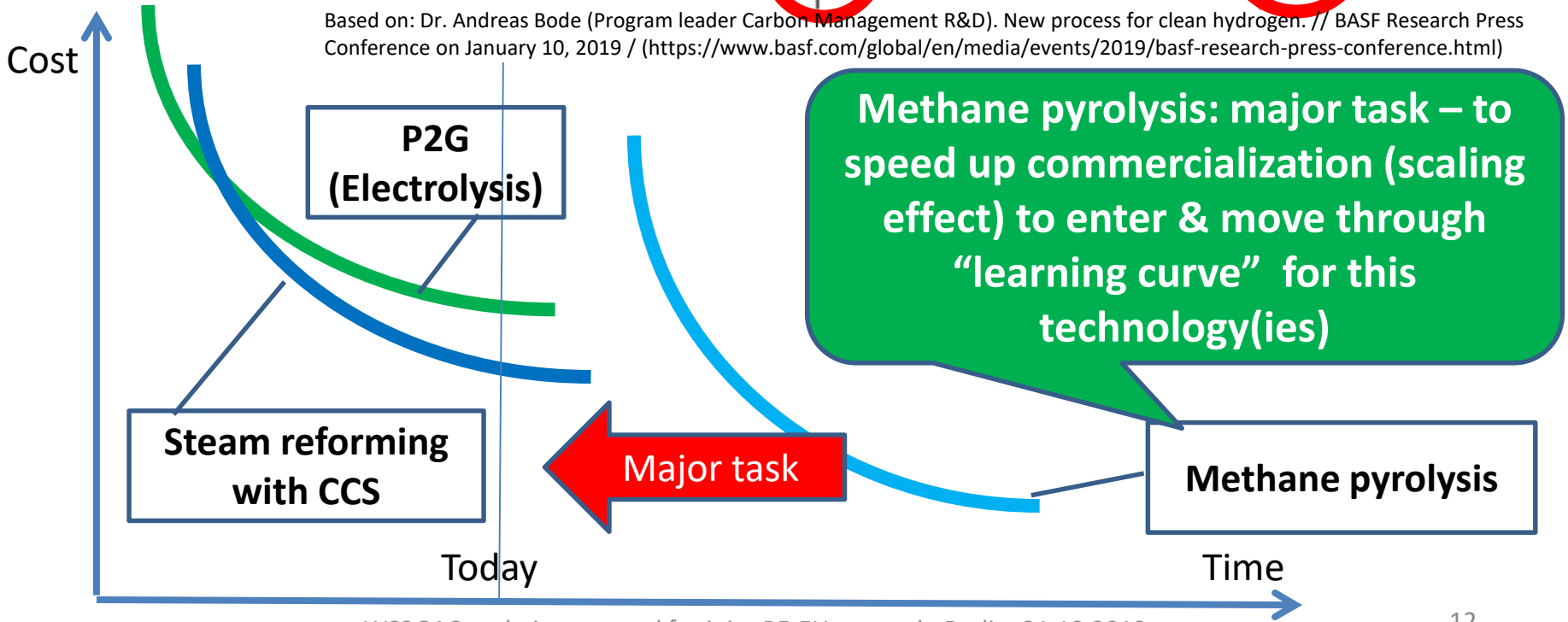
All other conditions being equal, & under technologically neutral regulation, methane pyrolysis might win competition in hydrogen production with two other key technologies

CC(U)S is needed!!! => additional imputed costs (CAPEX + OPEX) => add. 20/30+%







Steam reforming of natural gas	$\text{CH}_4 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 4\text{H}_2 + \text{CO}_2$
Water electrolysis	$2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2$
Methane pyrolysis	$\text{CH}_4 \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2 + \text{C}$



Based on: Dr. Andreas Bode (Program leader Carbon Management R&D). New process for clean hydrogen. // BASF Research Press Conference on January 10, 2019 / (<https://www.basf.com/global/en/media/events/2019/basf-research-press-conference.html>)



Approximate potential areas of preferential use of key H2 production technologies in Europe under state regulation based on "technological neutrality" principles

-  P2G wind
-  P2G solar
-  P2G hydro
-  P2G nuclear
-  Steam reforming plus CC(U)S
-  Methane pyrolysis & similar (w/o CO2)

Based on conversations with Ralf Dickel

Source of map: ENTSOG 13

Draft proposals for joint RF-EU research (3)

- Prospective topic:
 - Quantitative and qualitative assessments of economic & ecological effects for the three H2 production technologies
 - Analyzing alternative system approaches for the 3 technologies
 - Where to do this in EU/in RF/..
 - Who to do this (Producers, mid-streamers, TSOs,..)
 - How to progress on the learning curve (large pilots)
 - How to finance pilot ?
- Prospective participants:
 - RF side: Tomsk, Samara, etc...
 - EU side: Karlsruhe, BASF, Madrid, etc...

Possible Additional Cooperative Measures ?

**Thank you for your
attention!**

WS2 GAC Co-chairs